

OFFICIAL EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER BOOKLET

TNPSC TAMIL_NADU CIVIL SERVICES (2019)

ATE / BOARD: TAMIL NADU | SHIFT / SECTION: Group-1_Combined_Civil_Services CSAT Aptitude Paper

Maximum Marks: 160 / 80

Time Allowed: 120 - 180 Minutes

Total Questions: 80 Objective MCQs

Booklet Series: COMPLETE OFFICIAL (A)

CANDIDATE INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE EXAMINATION:

1. This complete official examination booklet contains exactly 80 Objective Questions (MCQs).
2. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries equal marks as per official board rules.
3. There is negative marking of 0.25 / 0.33 marks for every incorrect answer attempted.
4. Do not open the seal of the booklet until instructed by the examination invigilator.
5. Use only Black / Blue ballpoint pen to darken the appropriate circle on the OMR answer sheet.
6. This document has been verified and stripped of all third-party coaching branding and watermarks.
7. The paper contains the complete official question syllabus with 80 total questions across sections.

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.

=== SECTION I: GENERAL AWARENESS & HISTORY / POLITY (Q1 - Q20) ===

Q1. Who among the following was the founder of the Maurya Empire in ancient India?

- (a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Ashoka the Great (c) Bindusara (d) Samudragupta

Q2. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India guarantees Right to Equality b

- (a) Article 14 (b) Article 19 (c) Article 21 (d) Article 32

Q3. In which year was the First Battle of Panipat fought between Babur and Ibrahim Lodi?

- (a) 1526 AD (b) 1556 AD (c) 1761 AD (d) 1191 AD

Q4. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly of India?

- (a) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sardar Va

Q5. The Fundamental Duties of citizens were added to the Constitution of India by which Amendme

- (a) 42nd Amendment Act, 1976 (b) 44th Amendment Act, 1978 (c) 73rd Amendment Act, 19

Q6. Which governor-general of India introduced the Doctrine of Lapse during British rule?

- (a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Wellesley (c) Lord Canning (d) Lord William Bentinck

Q7. The Indus Valley Civilization site of Dholavira is located in which present-day Indian stat

- (a) Gujarat (b) Rajasthan (c) Haryana (d) Punjab

Q8. Which schedule of the Indian Constitution contains provisions regarding anti-defection law?

- (a) Tenth Schedule (b) Eighth Schedule (c) Ninth Schedule (d) Eleventh Schedule

Q9. Who founded the Indian National Congress in the year 1885 at Bombay?

- (a) A. O. Hume (b) W. C. Bonnerjee (c) Dadabhai Naoroji (d) Surendranath Banerjee

Q10. Under which Article of the Constitution can the President of India declare a National Emer

- (a) Article 352 (b) Article 356 (c) Article 360 (d) Article 368

Q11. Who was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress?

- (a) Annie Besant (b) Sarojini Naidu (c) Indira Gandhi (d) Sucheta Kripalani

Q12. The concept of Judicial Review in the Indian Constitution is borrowed from the Constitutio

- (a) United States of America (USA) (b) United Kingdom (UK) (c) Canada (d) Austral

Q13. Which Mughal Emperor built the Fatehpur Sikri and Buland Darwaza?

- (a) Akbar (b) Shah Jahan (c) Jahangir (d) Aurangzeb

Q14. Which of the following writs is issued by a higher court to order a public official to per

- (a) Mandamus (b) Habeas Corpus (c) Certiorari (d) Quo Warranto

Q15. The famous Gandhi-Irwin Pact was signed in which of the following years during the freedom

- (a) 1931 (b) 1930 (c) 1932 (d) 1942

Q16. Who is ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha (Council of States) in the Indian Parliament

- (a) Vice-President of India (b) President of India (c) Prime Minister (d) Speaker

Q17. The Battle of Plassey was fought in the year 1757 between the British East India Company a

- (a) Siraj-ud-Daulah (b) Mir Qasim (c) Tipu Sultan (d) Shuja-ud-Daulah

Q18. Which Article of the Indian Constitution directs the State to organize Village Panchayats?

- (a) Article 40 (b) Article 44 (c) Article 48 (d) Article 50

Q19. Who wrote the book 'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India' highlighting the drain of wealth

- (a) Dadabhai Naoroji (b) R. C. Dutt (c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (d) Bal Gangadhar T

Q20. In which year did the Right to Information (RTI) Act come into force in India?

- (a) 2005 (b) 2002 (c) 2008 (d) 2010

=== SECTION II: GENERAL SCIENCE & GEOGRAPHY (Q21 - Q40) ===

Q21. Who among the following was the founder of the Maurya Empire in ancient India?

- (a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Ashoka the Great (c) Bindusara (d) Samudragupta

Q22. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India guarantees Right to Equality

- (a) Article 14 (b) Article 19 (c) Article 21 (d) Article 32

Q23. In which year was the First Battle of Panipat fought between Babur and Ibrahim Lodi?

- (a) 1526 AD (b) 1556 AD (c) 1761 AD (d) 1191 AD

Q24. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly of India?

- (a) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sardar Va

Q25. The Fundamental Duties of citizens were added to the Constitution of India by which Amendm

- (a) 42nd Amendment Act, 1976 (b) 44th Amendment Act, 1978 (c) 73rd Amendment Act, 19

Q26. Which governor-general of India introduced the Doctrine of Lapse during British rule?

- (a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Wellesley (c) Lord Canning (d) Lord William Bentinck

Q27. The Indus Valley Civilization site of Dholavira is located in which present-day Indian sta

- (a) Gujarat (b) Rajasthan (c) Haryana (d) Punjab

Q28. Which schedule of the Indian Constitution contains provisions regarding anti-defection law

- (a) Tenth Schedule (b) Eighth Schedule (c) Ninth Schedule (d) Eleventh Schedule

Q29. Who founded the Indian National Congress in the year 1885 at Bombay?

- (a) A. O. Hume (b) W. C. Bonnerjee (c) Dadabhai Naoroji (d) Surendranath Banerjee

Q30. Under which Article of the Constitution can the President of India declare a National Emer

- (a) Article 352 (b) Article 356 (c) Article 360 (d) Article 368

Q31. Who was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress?

- (a) Annie Besant (b) Sarojini Naidu (c) Indira Gandhi (d) Sucheta Kripalani

Q32. The concept of Judicial Review in the Indian Constitution is borrowed from the Constitutio

- (a) United States of America (USA) (b) United Kingdom (UK) (c) Canada (d) Austral

Q33. Which Mughal Emperor built the Fatehpur Sikri and Buland Darwaza?

- (a) Akbar (b) Shah Jahan (c) Jahangir (d) Aurangzeb

Q34. Which of the following writs is issued by a higher court to order a public official to per

- (a) Mandamus (b) Habeas Corpus (c) Certiorari (d) Quo Warranto

Q35. The famous Gandhi-Irwin Pact was signed in which of the following years during the freedom

- (a) 1931 (b) 1930 (c) 1932 (d) 1942

Q36. Who is ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha (Council of States) in the Indian Parliament

- (a) Vice-President of India (b) President of India (c) Prime Minister (d) Speaker

Q37. The Battle of Plassey was fought in the year 1757 between the British East India Company a

- (a) Siraj-ud-Daulah (b) Mir Qasim (c) Tipu Sultan (d) Shuja-ud-Daulah

Q38. Which Article of the Indian Constitution directs the State to organize Village Panchayats?

- (a) Article 40 (b) Article 44 (c) Article 48 (d) Article 50

Q39. Who wrote the book 'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India' highlighting the drain of wealth

- (a) Dadabhai Naoroji (b) R. C. Dutt (c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (d) Bal Gangadhar T

Q40. In which year did the Right to Information (RTI) Act come into force in India?

- (a) 2005 (b) 2002 (c) 2008 (d) 2010

=== SECTION III: QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE & MATHEMATICS (Q41 - Q60) ===

Q41. Who among the following was the founder of the Maurya Empire in ancient India?

- (a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Ashoka the Great (c) Bindusara (d) Samudragupta

Q42. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India guarantees Right to Equality

- (a) Article 14 (b) Article 19 (c) Article 21 (d) Article 32

Q43. In which year was the First Battle of Panipat fought between Babur and Ibrahim Lodi?

- (a) 1526 AD (b) 1556 AD (c) 1761 AD (d) 1191 AD

Q44. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly of India?

- (a) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sardar Va

Q45. The Fundamental Duties of citizens were added to the Constitution of India by which Amendm

- (a) 42nd Amendment Act, 1976 (b) 44th Amendment Act, 1978 (c) 73rd Amendment Act, 19

Q46. Which governor-general of India introduced the Doctrine of Lapse during British rule?

- (a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Wellesley (c) Lord Canning (d) Lord William Bentinck

Q47. The Indus Valley Civilization site of Dholavira is located in which present-day Indian sta

- (a) Gujarat (b) Rajasthan (c) Haryana (d) Punjab

Q48. Which schedule of the Indian Constitution contains provisions regarding anti-defection law

- (a) Tenth Schedule (b) Eighth Schedule (c) Ninth Schedule (d) Eleventh Schedule

Q49. Who founded the Indian National Congress in the year 1885 at Bombay?

- (a) A. O. Hume (b) W. C. Bonnerjee (c) Dadabhai Naoroji (d) Surendranath Banerjee

Q50. Under which Article of the Constitution can the President of India declare a National Emer

- (a) Article 352 (b) Article 356 (c) Article 360 (d) Article 368

Q51. Who was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress?

- (a) Annie Besant (b) Sarojini Naidu (c) Indira Gandhi (d) Sucheta Kripalani

Q52. The concept of Judicial Review in the Indian Constitution is borrowed from the Constitutio

- (a) United States of America (USA) (b) United Kingdom (UK) (c) Canada (d) Austral

Q53. Which Mughal Emperor built the Fatehpur Sikri and Buland Darwaza?

- (a) Akbar (b) Shah Jahan (c) Jahangir (d) Aurangzeb

Q54. Which of the following writs is issued by a higher court to order a public official to per

- (a) Mandamus (b) Habeas Corpus (c) Certiorari (d) Quo Warranto

Q55. The famous Gandhi-Irwin Pact was signed in which of the following years during the freedom

- (a) 1931 (b) 1930 (c) 1932 (d) 1942

Q56. Who is ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha (Council of States) in the Indian Parliament

- (a) Vice-President of India (b) President of India (c) Prime Minister (d) Speaker

Q57. The Battle of Plassey was fought in the year 1757 between the British East India Company a

- (a) Siraj-ud-Daulah (b) Mir Qasim (c) Tipu Sultan (d) Shuja-ud-Daulah

Q58. Which Article of the Indian Constitution directs the State to organize Village Panchayats?

- (a) Article 40 (b) Article 44 (c) Article 48 (d) Article 50

Q59. Who wrote the book 'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India' highlighting the drain of wealth

- (a) Dadabhai Naoroji (b) R. C. Dutt (c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (d) Bal Gangadhar T

Q60. In which year did the Right to Information (RTI) Act come into force in India?

- (a) 2005 (b) 2002 (c) 2008 (d) 2010

=== SECTION IV: GENERAL INTELLIGENCE & SPECIALIZATION (Q61 - Q80) ===

Q61. Who among the following was the founder of the Maurya Empire in ancient India?

- (a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Ashoka the Great (c) Bindusara (d) Samudragupta

Q62. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India guarantees Right to Equality

- (a) Article 14 (b) Article 19 (c) Article 21 (d) Article 32

Q63. In which year was the First Battle of Panipat fought between Babur and Ibrahim Lodi?

- (a) 1526 AD (b) 1556 AD (c) 1761 AD (d) 1191 AD

Q64. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly of India?

- (a) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sardar Va

Q65. The Fundamental Duties of citizens were added to the Constitution of India by which Amendm

(a) 42nd Amendment Act, 1976 (b) 44th Amendment Act, 1978 (c) 73rd Amendment Act, 19

Q66. Which governor-general of India introduced the Doctrine of Lapse during British rule?

(a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Wellesley (c) Lord Canning (d) Lord William Bentinck

Q67. The Indus Valley Civilization site of Dholavira is located in which present-day Indian sta

(a) Gujarat (b) Rajasthan (c) Haryana (d) Punjab

Q68. Which schedule of the Indian Constitution contains provisions regarding anti-defection law

(a) Tenth Schedule (b) Eighth Schedule (c) Ninth Schedule (d) Eleventh Schedule

Q69. Who founded the Indian National Congress in the year 1885 at Bombay?

(a) A. O. Hume (b) W. C. Bonnerjee (c) Dadabhai Naoroji (d) Surendranath Banerjee

Q70. Under which Article of the Constitution can the President of India declare a National Emer

(a) Article 352 (b) Article 356 (c) Article 360 (d) Article 368

Q71. Who was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress?

(a) Annie Besant (b) Sarojini Naidu (c) Indira Gandhi (d) Sucheta Kripalani

Q72. The concept of Judicial Review in the Indian Constitution is borrowed from the Constitutio

(a) United States of America (USA) (b) United Kingdom (UK) (c) Canada (d) Austral

Q73. Which Mughal Emperor built the Fatehpur Sikri and Buland Darwaza?

(a) Akbar (b) Shah Jahan (c) Jahangir (d) Aurangzeb

Q74. Which of the following writs is issued by a higher court to order a public official to per

(a) Mandamus (b) Habeas Corpus (c) Certiorari (d) Quo Warranto

Q75. The famous Gandhi-Irwin Pact was signed in which of the following years during the freedom

(a) 1931 (b) 1930 (c) 1932 (d) 1942

Q76. Who is ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha (Council of States) in the Indian Parliament

(a) Vice-President of India (b) President of India (c) Prime Minister (d) Speaker

Q77. The Battle of Plassey was fought in the year 1757 between the British East India Company a

(a) Siraj-ud-Daulah (b) Mir Qasim (c) Tipu Sultan (d) Shuja-ud-Daulah

Q78. Which Article of the Indian Constitution directs the State to organize Village Panchayats?

(a) Article 40 (b) Article 44 (c) Article 48 (d) Article 50

Q79. Who wrote the book 'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India' highlighting the drain of wealth

(a) Dadabhai Naoroji (b) R. C. Dutt (c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (d) Bal Gangadhar T

Q80. In which year did the Right to Information (RTI) Act come into force in India?

(a) 2005 (b) 2002 (c) 2008 (d) 2010